1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	Senate Bill No. 340
4	(By Senators Stollings, Kessler (Mr. President), Unger, Klempa
5	and Plymale)
6	
7	[Originating in the Committee on Education;
8	reported February 1, 2012.]
9	
10	
11	
12	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
13	adding thereto a new section, designated §18-2-25a, relating
14	to defining "youth athletes"; requiring the West Virginia
15	Secondary Schools Activities Commission to promulgate rules
16	that address concussions and head injuries in youth athletes;
17	setting forth minimum provisions to be included in the rules;
18	and exempting volunteer health care provider from liability in
19	certain instances.
20	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
21	That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended
22	by adding thereto a new section, designated $\$18-2-25a$ , to read as
23	follows:
24	ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.
25	\$18-2-25a. Management of concussions and head injuries in youth

1

## sports.

2 (a) The Legislature finds:

3 (1) Concussions are one of the most commonly reported injuries 4 in children and adolescents who participate in sports and 5 recreational activities. The centers for disease control and 6 prevention estimates that as many as three million nine hundred 7 thousand sports-related and recreation-related concussions occur in 8 the United States each year;

9 (2) A concussion is caused by a blow or motion to the head or 10 body that causes the brain to move rapidly inside the skull. The 11 risk of catastrophic injuries or death are significant when a 12 concussion or head injury is not properly evaluated and managed;

(3) Concussions are a type of brain injury that can range from
14 mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works;
(4) Concussions can occur in any organized or unorganized
16 sport or recreational activity and can result from a fall or from
17 players colliding with each other, the ground or with obstacles;
(5) Concussions occur with or without loss of consciousness,

19 but the vast majority occur without loss of consciousness; and 20 (6) Continuing to play or practice with a concussion or 21 symptoms of head injury leaves the young athlete especially 22 vulnerable to greater injury and even death. The Legislature 23 recognizes that, despite having generally recognized return to play 24 and practice standards for concussion and head injury, some 25 affected youth athletes are prematurely returned to play or 26 practice resulting in actual or potential physical injury or death

1 to youth athletes in the State of West Virginia.

2 (b) For the purposes of this section, "youth athlete" means 3 any athlete under the age of eighteen that is participating in 4 interscholastic athletics at a high school or middle school that is 5 a member of the West Virginia Secondary Schools Activities 6 Commission.

7 (c) The West Virginia Secondary Schools Activities Commission 8 shall promulgate rules pursuant to section twenty-five of this 9 article that address concussions and head injuries in youth 10 athletes: *Provided*, That prior to state board approval and 11 notwithstanding the exemption provided in section three, article 12 one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, the state board shall 13 submit the rule to the Legislative Oversight Commission on 14 Education Accountability pursuant to section nine, article three-b, 15 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The rules required by this 16 section shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

17 (1) Guidelines, other pertinent information and forms, as 18 appropriate, shall be developed to inform and educate coaches, 19 youth athletes and their parents or guardians of the nature and 20 risk of concussion and head injury including continuing to play or 21 practice after a concussion or head injury;

22 (2) On a yearly basis, a concussion and head injury 23 information sheet shall be signed and returned by the youth athlete 24 and the athlete's parent or guardian before the youth athlete's 25 initiating practice or competition;

26 (3) A youth athlete who is suspected of sustaining a

1 concussion or head injury in a practice or game shall be removed 2 from competition at that time; and

(4) A youth athlete who has been removed from play or practice 3 4 may not return to play or practice until the athlete is evaluated 5 by a licensed health care provider trained in the evaluation and 6 management of concussions and receives written clearance to return 7 to play and practice from that licensed health care provider. The 8 health care provider may be a volunteer. A volunteer who 9 authorizes a youth athlete to return to play and practice is not 10 liable for civil damages resulting from any act or omission in the 11 rendering of such care, other than acts or omissions constituting 12 gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. For the purposes 13 of this section, a licensed health care provider shall be a medical 14 doctor licensed under the provisions of article three, chapter 15 thirty of this code, a doctor of osteopathy licensed under the 16 provisions of article fourteen, chapter thirty of this code, an 17 advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under the 18 provisions of article seven, chapter thirty of this code, a 19 physicians assistant as licensed under the provisions of article 20 three, chapter thirty of this code and a licensed certified 21 athletic trainer licensed under article twenty-a, chapter thirty of 22 this code.